VOL. 2.

POETRY.

THE LAST EVE OF SUMMER.

'Tis the last eve of Summer.
In silence profound,
O'er field and o'er forest
Now closing around.
Farewell to the pleasures.
Which round us have played;
Its sunshine and shade.

The husbandman's labors The husbandman's labors
Have met their reward;
The harvest is gathered,
The garner's stored;
The orchard is blushing.
The counties or stored;
The foliage is drooping;
Its verdure must fail.

The cricket is singing
Its requiem alone;
O'er the season departed
Its shrill notes make moan:
The nightingale's warblings
Strike faint on the ear, With song more melodious, Its close drawing near.

Farewell to the summer,
Its somshine and shade,
By the whisp'rings of nature
Its requiem is said!
Farewell its green drapery
That curtained the wood!
Farewell all its pleasures
Of field and of flood.

And oh, may life's summer; Whose solstice is near,
Glide as gently to autumn,
As that of the year; As that of the year;
And may wasting age gathering
Rich fruits of the past,
Be shrouded in honor
Serenely at last.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

JOURNALS OF THE HOUSE.

Tuesday 27th Sept. 1836. One o'clock, P. M.

The house attended upon his Excellency with the address, to which he made the following answer:

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the house of Assembly, I thank you for the address and I shall take care that in pursuance of the promise time shall be lost in laying before you the answer of our most gracious Sovereign, to your address of last session, on the state of the Province. I shall at the same time cause to be communicated, the other docu-

ed to be presented to you. Castle of St. Lewis.

Quebec, 27th Sept. 1836. On motion of Mr. Morin, the said anower was referred to the Committee of the whole House on the state of the Province.

ments, which his Majesty has command-

Adjourned till 5 o'clock P. M. Tuesday 27th Sept. 1636.

Five o'clock P. M.

Gostord, Governor in Chief. In pursuance of the intention expressed in his speech at the opening of the present session, the Governor in Chief transmits to the House of Assembly a copy of the answer which the King has been graciously pleased to return to the Address on the State of the Province, voted to his Majesty by the Assembly during their last session; together with a copy of the Instructions under which the Governor in Chief assumed the government of the Province,

Colleagues in the Royal Commission. Castle of St. Lewis, Quebec, 27th Sept. 1836.

and of those addressed to himself and his

Copy No. 87

Downing Street, 7th June 1836.

My Lord, - His Majesty having had under his consideration the address of the House of General Assembly of Lower Canada on the state of public affairs in that Province, has commanded me to convey to the house, through your lordship, the following answer:

The King contemplates with deep regret, the itl success of his Majesty's efforts to remove from the minds of the Representas intentions of its framers. tives of the people of Lower Canada, those repaid by the confidence of the inhabitants exercise of an enlightened and independent state, that there did not exist during the to direct that, in compliance with the Ad-

tached passages from my Dispatch of the honored by his Majesty's commands to ex-17th of last July, on which passages the House have founded the remark, 'That the researches authorized by his Majesty for subject in July last, such they still continthe purpose of ascertaining the means of ue. doing justice to his Canadian subjects were on several of the most essential points limited by preconceived opinions and anticipated decisions.

leagues in the Canada commission, which establishing in the province what is termed were brought under the notice of the House of Assembly, would have been entirely removed if the House had been in possession of the whole of those Instructions. They would have found not that the general tenor of those Instructions favored an entire freedom of enquiry and judgment by the commissioners, but that the most unequivocal language had been studiously employed for the express purpose of counteracting the opposite opinion. I know not how it would have been possible to have expressed his Majesty's gracious intentions in terms stronger or more unambiguous. In my dispatch of the 17th July last, I stated that "Although your duty as commissioner would be exclusively to enquire to deliberate, and to report, yet within the sphere of that duty you were placed under no restrictions, excepting such as the necessity of the case, or your own judgment might prescribe.'

I concluded my instructions by disclaiming 'the remotest intention of fettering your discretion, or of restricting in any degree the exercise of your own judgments, either as to the subjects of enquiry, or the opinions at which you might arrive'. I observed that in the course of your investigation new topics would occur to you, and new views of topics already familiar would present themselves. You will not I added, on any ocsasion, or for any reason, shrink from the explicit declaration of your sentiments. You will not decline any enquiry, the prosecution of which may promade in my speech from the throne, no mise benefit to the colony or to the mother

country. If the whole of my Dispatch of the 17th July had been before the House of Assembly, they would have found in these and other passages, a sufficient disproof of the supposition that your enquiry was limited by any pre-conceived opinions or anticipated decisions.

It is indeed true that in approaching this from avowing his intention to fulfil.

In conformity with this rule you were directed to 'apply yourselves to the investigation of this part of the general subject, endeavoring to ascertain how far the legislative council has really answered the original objects of its institution, and considering of what amendments it may be susceptible.' You were also informed that when your report should have been received his Majesty would take into his most serious consideration the questions whether there are any amendments in the law on this subject, which it would be fit to propose for the consideration of the Imperial Legislature; and which being founded on the principles and conceived in the spirit of the Act of 1791, may be calculated to render the practical operation of that statute more conformable to the wishes and

appear unfortunately to have been affected. thus employed, I answer that the principle Conscious, however, that his measures have of the constitution of 1791, is, that there been dictated by an earnest solicitude for shall be two distinct and independent the welfare of all classes of his Canadian Houses of Legislature. Adhering to this Subjects, unnixed with any motive of a general principle, it remains for your lordawaits with tranquillity the result of this instructions addressed to you as Commiswhen the misconceptions of the moment means can be taken for securing such a ly. shall have passed away his labors for the prosperity of Lower Canada will be

The address further advances a comment of Lower Canada, a complaint which does not find a place either in the 92 res-This supposition, even if it had received any countenance from the insulated extracts house now, however, state the necessity of

a responsible and popular government.' Understanding these expressions in their obvious sense, his Majesty is happy to declare that they do not advance beyond the principles by which it is his pleasure and command that the executive Government of Lower Canada should be administered. It is his Majesty's desire and injunction that full and early explanations should be afforded to the Representatives of the people, of the important measures adopted by the the most ample opportunity of explaining both to the King himself and to his Majesty's Representative, in the province, their opinions and their wishes respecting every such measure, that the imputed misconduct of any public officer, with the ex-Governor, who must be responsible directly to the King and the Imperial parliament should be closely and impartially investigated, that means should be devised for bring. vince itself every such officer to whose charge any malversation in office may be laid; and that effectual security should be Majesty's subjects.

The address of the assembly calls upon his Majesty to recommend to parliament the house had been in possession of my dispatch of the 17th July, they would have probably waived this application. They would have been aware that the reluctance October next. of the King to recommend to parliament any measure which could be plausibly re- of the day were read. presented as an unnecessary interference with the internal affairs of the province, is the single obstacle to the introduction of a

bill on that subject. The address proceeds to demand the resubject I recorded reasons which strongly peal of the act and revocation of the charenforce the closest possible adherence to ter under which the British North Ameri-Government. In every part of his extensive the resumption of the lands which have to a Special Committee. Dominions it has been the constant object been sold to them. I shall not, I trust, of his Majesty to correct real abuses, and be thought forgetful of what is due to the Province then obtained leave to sit again to introduce such improvements as the ex- privileges & dignity of the house, if I do to morrow. isting state of society; and the deliberate not shrink from the avowal of any opinion roice of public opinion have appeared to deliberately entertained by the Ministers demand. But to reconcile necessary chan- of the Crown, though it be not in accordges with the stability of political and so- ance with the sentiments of the represential institutions has been no less an object tatives of the Canadian people. I must, three following Messages: with his Majesty. At once to reform in therefore, state that his Majesty's Govern- Gosford, Governor in Ghief. the spirit of the constitution, and to oppose ment cannot proceed to the considerachanges conceived in a contrary spirit, is tion of the questions raised by the assema duty which the King will never shrink bly respecting the British North American the subject of the claims of the Officers morrow. tablished in due course of law thatthe claim Militia during the last American War, to of the company to their lands is invalled. grants of Land in consideration of their No considerations, however urgent, of tem- services; and to the Governor in Chief's and eccentric Surgeons of the last century. porary or apparent expediency,-not even answer of the 5th March following, wheresocial rights.

in my dispatch of the 17th July.

ty's Ministers and their own. With regard to the settlement and man-

of that province, of whatever class or nation- judgment on all matters submitted for its last session any real or substantial difference of opinion between the ministers of be conveyed to the claimants under Let-His Majesty is sustained and encoura- . The fears of some, and the hopes of the crown and the house of assembly on ters Patent containing the usual reservations, ged in these hopes by observing that the others, have placed a more narrow con- any question regarding which his Majesty's but without any other condition than that

the affairs of the province was imputed to with the proposition to provide for the arquiry. His Majesty does not deny that er indulgence. this is a power which the law has entrusted to the representatives of the people. But he cannot admit that, on the present occasion, the recourse to the exercise of that power can be attributed to any indisposition on the part of his Majesty to accord the fullest measure of justice to his Canadian subjects. On a review of all the circumstances of the case, his Majesty's Government are led to the conclusion, that the course pursued by the house is to be ascribed to the misapprehension of the tenor of your Lordship's instructions, induced by the publication of a few detached passages from them. Your Lordship will, therefore, communicate to the house a complete copy of those instructions, and will renew your application for the arrears now due to the public officers, and for the funds necessary to carry on his Majesty's service.

I have the honour to, be my Lord, Your most obedient servant, (Signed) GLENELG.

(A true copy.)
S. WALCOTT, Civil Secretary.
On motion of Mr. Morin, the latter message and documents accompanying the same, were referred to the committee of ing to trial and punishment within the pro- the whole House on the State of the province, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Viger read in his place a petition of divers electors of the Upper Town of taken for the zealous co-operation of all subordinate officers in every measure adof Andrew Stuart, Esquire, and moved vised by the Legislature and sanctioned by that the petition be received. On motion the King for the general welfare of his of Mr. Stuart, the consideration of Mr. Viger's motion was deferred till Friday

Mr. Wells moved for leave to introduce the repeal of the British statute respecting a bill to extend the duration of certain acts the tenures of land in Lower Canada. If relative to the Judicature of the district of St. Francis.

Mr. Morin moved that the consideration of the said motion be deferred till 15th

On motion of Mr. Vanfelson, the orders

The House went into committee on the State of the Province, and other references, and after some time spent therein, the committee rose and reported the Legislative Council Reform bill, upon a division of yeas 51, nays 12.

The Committee on the State

Tuesday, 27th Sept., 1836. Five o'clock, P. M.

Referring to the Address of the House of Assembly of the 26th February last, on State of the Province; to sit again to-Land Company, unless it can first be es- and Men who served in the Embodied the desire to conciliate the good-will of the in he divided those claims into three classes, assembly of Lower Canada,...than which and informed the Assembly that with reno motive can be of greater weight, - could spect to the two first, he would take his in his office poring over some medical econcile his Majesty to a measure, the favorable consideration whether he could principle of which would endanger the not give effect to the views which the Boston, when a loud rap at the door afoundation of all proprietary titles, and all Assembly expressed in their favour; but roused him. 'Come in' said the Dr. and The remaining topics embraced in the it was out of his power to grant any indul- who seemed the very embodiment of dirt address require, on the present occasion, gence. The Governor in chief now acan overy lengthened notice, because, when quaints the House of Assembly that have attentively considered, that document does ing submitted the matter to the consideranot appear to advance any principle respecting them essentially different from land, he has received in reply a Dispatch those which are admitted or maintained from the Secretary of State for the colonies, conveying his Majesty's most gracious Respecting judicial independence, the approval of the recommendations made by If it required what definite meaning is assembly frankly admit the entire coinciddistrusts and jealousies with which they to be attached to the terms which I have ence, between the opinions of his Majes requesting him to inform the House, and the individuals more immediately interested in the measure, that the King has commanagement of the uncleared lands, and to all ded that such of the officers and men of questions of finance, I trust I am not mis- the Militia as had lodged their Petitions wonderment about it ... there's dirtier feet taken in supposing that no essential differ- previously to the 1st August, 1830, being than that in the world... I's warrant less just and liberal character, his Majesty ship and your colleagues, acting on the ence in principle exists between the centilong and painful discussion, assured that sioners, to enquire how the most effectual expressed in my dispatch of the 17th Ju- should receive land according to their rements contained in the address, and those ernor in Chief's answer of the 5th March, spective ranks, in the same manner as if And now, referring to the preceding no limitation of time had existed. And Dr's astonishment,

House of Assembly were led to grant the struction on the extracts from my dispatch Government felt at liberty to make any im- of performing the public and joint labor supplies only for six months, and to prefer their present complaints, apparently in consequence of the publication of some description of the views which I was sequence of the publication of some description of the views which I was sequence of the publication of some description of the views which I was sequence of the publication of some description of the views which I was sequence of the publication of some description of the views which I was sequence of the publication of some description of the views which I was sequence of the publication of some description of the views which I was sequence of the publication of some description of the views which I was sequence of the publication of the views which I was sequence of the publication of some description of the views which I was sequence of the publication of the views which I was sequence of the publication of the views which I was sequence of the publication of the views which I was sequence of the publication of the views which I was sequence of the publication of the views which I was sequence of the publication of the views which I was sequence of the publication of the views which I was sequence of the publication of the views which I was sequence of the publication of the views which I was sequence of the publication of the views which I was sequence of the views which I was seque tioned in the answer of the Governor in your Lordship. Without any actual con- Chief, his Majesty has not been advised to troversy with the executive government, the adopt a similar course. After such ample house, however, declined a compliance opportunity has been afforded for the production of their claims, they cannot now rears and for the supplies pending the en- be equitably considered as entitled to furthe

His Majesty trusts that the House will receive his decision in this matter as a farther proof of the attention which he is ever disposed to pay to their representations, and as a testimony of his consideration for those individuals whose loyalty and attachment to the Parent State were so meritoriously displayed during the last

American War. In conclusion, the Governor in Chief informs the House that immediate steps shall be taken for giving effect to his Majesty's Instructions on this subject; And that, when the necessary arrangements shall have been completed, no further delay shall occur than the execution of the indica pensable forms of Office may require.

Castle of St. Lewis, Quebec, 27th Sept., 1836.

GOSFORD, Governor in Chief.

With reference to the Address of the House of Assembly of the 15th February last, praying the Governor in Chief to make application to his Majesty's Government to obtain, for the use of the Province, a Copy of the Survey of that part of the River St. Lawrence, from Three Rivers to Montreal, made by Captain Bayfield of the Royal Navy, under the directions of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, the Governor in Chief has great pleasure in communicating to the House of Assembly that he has been informed by the Secretary of State for the colonies, that as soon as the Chart shall have been engraved, a copy of it shall be transmitted as prayed for by the House of Assembly.

Castle of St. Lewis, Quebec, 27th Sept., 1836. Wednesday, 28th Sept. Mr. Besserer reported the following answer to the Address of the 23d inst:

Gentlemen,-I request you to acquaint the House of Assembly that, in compliance with the prayer of this Address, I will issue Writs for the Election of one additional Member, for each of the counties of Montmorency and Drummond, it appearing that the said counties are entitled thereto under the provisions of the Law.

Castle of St. Lewis; Quebec, 28th Sept., 1836.

enforce the closest possible adherence to the existing constitution of the Provincial can Land Company is incorporated, and tive Council Reform Bill was then referred mittee on the Agent's Bill, and on the state of the Province. The committees to sit again to morrow.

Thursday, 20th Sept., 1836. On motion of Mr. Vanfelson, an Address was voted to his Excellency, praying to be informed whether he has received any and what information concerning the Kennebec Mr. Secretary Walcott delivered the Rail Road bill reserved for the signification of his Majesty's pleasure thereon, on the 21st March last

The House went into committee on the

THE DOCTOR OUTWITTED .- Dr. H .. J*** was one of the most able, talented His practice embraced a large circuit, and his fame extended to every part of the State. The Dr. was one morning sitting works fresh from the mother country, via that, in regard to the last, he regretted that an old lady hobbled into the apartment, 'Dr. ! I've got a desp'rate sore foot-

can you help it.

'I will try-let me see it.'

The old crone proceeded to divest her understanding of the apology for a hose with which it was covered, and displayed to the astounded Dr. a foot-and such a

'My G-d !' exclaimed the Dr. throw. ing up both hands in amazement ... what a dirty foot l'

La! Dr .- ye need'nt be in such a aye, and a dirtier foot than that in your own house as proud as the young ladies, your daughters are-for all that - and the old hag cackled forth her pleasure at the

Woman ! if you can find a dirtier foot than that in my house, I will give you a guinea and cure your foot for nothing. Pon honor?'-said the Beldam.

' Pon honor'-cried the Dr. The old woman stript off the other gared all description, grinned in the face of the astonished Dr. exclaiming... Gie'me date of yesterday noon, inform us that a bag containing thirty nine thousand dol-Bayonne, 20th August.—The Phare de Bayonne of the 20th inst., has the fol-'fore I come here I'..... N. H. Gaz.

000 per annum to his widow, with his the boat lay at the wharf in this city, in- visions, and therefore have been driven to house in Piccadilly and that purchased by tended for the Fulton bank Boston, and is lay violent hands on the stores of their conhim from the princess Amelia, and all the believed to have been taken from the cabin tractors. This letter adds that the Junta furniture, plate and jewels: £120,000 to before the boat left the wharf. The loss of Navarre has taken this measure upon the each of his daughters; £1000 to each of was not discovered until the beat had left suggestion of the wealthy inhabitants, who his wife's brothers, and £500 to each of her Newport on its way to Providence. sisters. £10,000 to Mr. Choen, one of the executors; some charitable donations; and the residue to be equally divided be- were visited this morning with a very sharp tween his four sons, who are to continue the business exactly as heretofore, in con- our streets to have a most wintry appearjunction with the houses in Vienna, Frankfort and Paris.

The Lord Mayor of London was fined two pounds, by one of the police magis- have suffered accordingly, to a very great trates, for allowing two casks to encumber extent. - Hamilton Gaz. the foot path in front of his house for a short time.

life, Mr. Robert Gordon, a gentleman of the streets poisoned sausages. and laborious days. He resided in a misto pick up every trifle on the street that or directed such an indiscreet project .would turn to account, and so warm him. Buffalo Whig & Journal. self and save a fire. The cold winter nights he would walk through his room with a death the little bits of twine he had collected off the streets sold for several pounds. He left an endowment of £10,000 in Aberdeen, known by the name of Robert package of twenty seeds. He represented the tree as 'growing higher than a Lom-... (Book of Table Talk.)

For the Christian Guardian.

Awful Warning to drunkards .- On the 13th August ult., in the Township of Fitzroy, an unmarried man named Archivulgarly called a 'logging bee.' During the forenoon he drank large quantities of ardent spirits, and at the dinner hour tarried unobservedly behind the rest of the nen where they were at work. After din-ner a person went in search of him, who found him, awful to relate, in a burning log-heap, with all his clothes reduced to ashes, and his neck, arms, back, thighs, and legs burned in a horrible manner, wespecially his thighs and legs, a considerable part of the flesh being consumed to cinders. The wretched man lay for some time in a state of insensibility; but when towards evening he recovered a little from the stupor produced, not by the effects of the fire, but by intoxication, he began to cry for more liquor, which he continued to do for some days. I called to see him some days after the accident, when he told me that he had no recollection whatever of falling into the fire, or of being taken out of it. He was without exception the most miserable object I ever beheld. Various means were used for his recovery, but alas to no purpose. The unhappy man lingered in this state for about two weeks, a hor-rid spectacle of the dreadful effects of intoxication, till death signed his discharge and terminated his bodily sufferings.

Such then is the fearful consequence of

inebriety. Alas, alas! how many thousands like him has it brought to a premature grave! Let drunkards and tiplers beware, and reflect upon the evil and dangers to which they expose themselves; and remember though drunkenness may appear sweet in the commission, that in the end it biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder.' 'The wages of sin is death.' ' Be not deceived; drunkards shall not inherit the Kingdom of God.

ERYTNICAM. Carlton Place, 15th Sept. 1836.

It's an ill wind that blows nobody good. -After the battle of Saratoga, General Arnold met Sergant Thorp, who had lost a leg in the action :
 Well, Sergeant, said the general, you

and I have been unfortunate. Not at all, sir,' said the sergeant, ' my expenses are reduced.'

· Indeed !' 'Yes sir; I found it hard work to get a living before, and now I shall have but one stocking and shoe to buy.'

Arnold laughed, and limped off to his tent to finish his letter to Harry Clinton.

Horrible Atrocity .- We are informed by several gentlemen from Columbia, Chicot county, that on Monday evening, after the election closed, a man by the name of Bunch ed in the Gazette Extraordinaire, with the and numbers of them leaving the ranks and and the flocks over which they preside. was taken and hung by the citizens of that place. The cause which led to the infliction of such summary punishment, we are told was owing to the unlawful conduct of B. He claimed the right to vote which was refused him by the Judges, owing to his being a colored man. Bunch took umbrage at this rejection, and resorted to violent

lars in gold, has been stolen from the steam lowing :- 'A letter of the 14th from Pamboat Rhode Island. It was put into the peluna announces that the Carlists are with-Mr. N. M. Rothschild will give £20, captain's cabin on Monday afternoon while out funds to enable them to purchase pro-

> Indications of an early Winter .- We snow storm, which at an early hour caused ance, and good fires became absolutely necessary. The weather has been very cold for some time, and the green crops must

'The municipality of New Orleans have authorized the poisoning of all dogs run-The Benevolence of a Miser .- Early in ning at large in that city, by scattering in

good birth and family, determined to relieve Doubtful. But if true, the municipality the indigence of decayed merchants, a class deserve the execration of the community. whose poverty is embitered by the recol- What would prevent children-but espelection of better days, by endowing an cially the famishing poor.....from eating the institution for the education and mainten- sausages thus thrown in their streets? We ance of their sons. To do this he adopted cannot believe the story, though we cut the a life of self-denial and privation; scorned extract from a respectable paper. No set of men, endowed with common sense or erable garret, without attendance; he used common humanity, could have authorized

Wooden Cucumber Seeds .- A chap in bag full of stones on his back. After his England, it is said, has been selling large quantities of an article which he called the seed of the 'Patagonian Cabbage tree,' at the rate of twenty shillings sterling for a the tree as 'growing higher than a Lombardy poplar, and that each tree would feed seven oxen & a hundred sheep.' And as an additional inducement to purchase, he further represented, that the wool of a sheep fed on the produce of this extraordinary tree, though previously ever so bald Drummond, from Glengary, about coarse, would soon become finer than that 34 years of age, went along with others to of the Cashmere goat! To back his repassist a Mr. Kennedy Elliott at what is resentation, he made use of the name of Mr. Coke, the celebrated English agriculturist. It is not stated whether the ingenious owner is an Englishman or a Yankee. The trick has the flavour somewhat of

FOREIGN.

We have later dates from Spain, which give us several items of interest.

Louis Philippe was at Paris on the 23d, with the Queen. The King has received from the Pope a brief congratulation on his late escape from assassination.

The King of Naples was to leave Paris on the 29th for Marseilles, where he was to remain some time prior to his departure

Important Rumor .- One of the passengers in the Erie, reports that there had been a third attack upon the King of France. Nothing is said of such a fact, or such a rumour, in the Paris or Havre journals.

Geneva, 17th August Of the 700 or 800 Poles who came into the Jura in April, 1833, scarcely twenty remain upon whose concurrence any foreign conspirators can rely. All the rest have either returned into France to reside permanently there, or to proceed into other countries, or else have engaged, in some profitable employment in Switzerland, giving up all connection with the emigrants from other countries, and making themselves respected, for the last three years, by their good conduct.

Fifty refugees left about the 19th, for France, without waiting for a forcible expulsion, which was preparing for them. About 500 refugees still remain.

Madrid .- Our news from Madrid is to The reigning influence, it is said, is that of terrorism, supported by a military revwere, momentarily to abdicate her Sove- succeeded by Marshal Molitor. reign power. Already, all the persons attached to the Isturitz Ministry, or known to take place on the 20th of August. for their moderate opinions, have been compelled, in order to escape the outrages or claimed at Valencia without disturbance. the blows of some salaried assassins, to By this time, it is no doubt in force through leave Madrid, or to keep carefully con- out Spain, with the exception, probably, cealed. Disorder reigns throughout. All of Navarre and the Basque Provinces. the functionaries of State, that took part | There had been some disturbances at Bar with the ancient Government, have de-celona. serted Madrid. It is not believed that the istry who have just gone out of office.

The constitution of 1812, by virtue of

accustomed solemnities. Bayonne August 18th .- Accounts from in the harvest. Bayonne of the 18th instant, state that the The quarrel between France and Switz-Carlists are suffering from an extreme erland, or rather the canton of Basle, seems dearth. Several months' pay are due to be growing serious. We are not advisthe troops, who desert by bands, and re- ed as to the origin and cause of the diffiturn to their homes, where, likewise, they culty, which appears to be of an individual are called by the labors of the field. This rather than a national character. measures. During the affray, Dr. Webb, double cause has, it is said, made a consid- Marshal Clausel was expected at Algiers a highly respectable citizen, was stabbed able reduction in the forces of Don Carlos, early in September, intending, it is said, several times, the wounds are supposed te and it is believed, that at this time Villa- to prosecute the war with great vigour. be mortal. This so incensed the citizens, real has not more than 10,000 or 12,000 Three thousand French troops and ten that Bunch was taken up and hung. We men at his disposal. It is stated that Ta- thousand Arabs were to be employed. forbear to make any comments, as the whole affair will no doubt be fully and fair-whole affair will no doubt be fully and fair-stitution of 1812. Gen. Lebeau, we hear,

hope thereby to escape the contributions with which they were threatened. Brigadier Iribarren commander of the cavalry fully to address Your Lordship on the ocof Ribera, has proclaimed the constitution of 1812 at Lerin and Laraga, with the 2d

regiment of light cavalry. retired to Murviedro.

Barcelona, 20th August .- At Barcelona, Mina. a threateing address to the queen was sign- care of one, whose faithful zeal and godly tion. Two deputies were sent off the fol- But this ardent hope is not permitted to be lowing day to present the addess accom- realised in the all wise appointment of the panied by the nine procuradores of the Great Head of the Church. To Him, province.

to be carried on with great vigour. There in all your ways, but also, so overrule the are to be 30,000 French troops and 9,000 absence which we now deplore, as to make natives employed, who will be distributed it instrumental in affording us a fresh ocnearly in the following manner, at Algiers casion of thankfulness on again beholding there were to be 9000 troops, and in the you restored to us with renewed ability to neighbourhood 1500, with 1000 more in spread the Redeemer's Kingdom in this two entrenched camps. Added to these land. May He who is the Great Shep there is to be a moveable force of 5000 at herd and Bishop of all our souls,-He the French force is wholly inefficient for the duties required of them.

The Cholera The 'German Corresfrom Pesth, in which it is stated that the cholera still continues to make progress, but has no where shewn itself so intense as in 1831. At that time it took off in many towns a fifth part of the population; but at Pesth, where it appeared first four ed of the Lord shall return, and come to months ago, only from 400 to 500 victims Zion, with everlasting joy upon their heads have been reckoned; a small number com- where they shall obtain joy and gladness, 85,000,

On the 17th, Gen. Lebeau, the new commandant of the French auxiliary Legion attacked the Carlists, whose battallions were on the line of the frontier, and beat them back on the Bastan and the Velzama, after having killed and taken prisoners a considerable number of their men. He also carried and destroyed the works of the Carlists at Engui, and took possession of their magazines.

The advices from Spain are of a painfuly interesting character. The constitution of tended with violence, tumult, anarchy and pointment of Dr. Mountain to the See of bloodshed. The Queen acts under the influence of terror, and all against whom the soldiery and excited people bear animosity are obliged to fly for their lives. mit me, in answer to your prayers and mine, sought safety in a precipitate departure, or I shall not cease to remember you in my in close concealment. General Quesada, prayers, and I hope to be remembered by the Commandant of Madrid, has been assas. you in yours. sinated by some of the National Guards, The day previous to the proclamation of in the streets of Madrid between some of the regular troops and parties of the National Guard, in which several of the for-Queen and Regent from San Ildefonso put an end to these disturbances, but the exist- then found in Him, to the praise of the capital to be yet in a very distracted state. ing state of tranquillity was not expected glory of His grace! God grant it to endure.

The death of M. Rayneval, French olution. The Queen, intimidated by the Ambassador at Madrid, until about two cries of the soldiery, delivered up to a bru- months since, when he solicited his recall, tal drunkenness, has been forced, as it is announced; it is said that he will be

The meeting of the Spanish Cortes was

The constitution of 1812 had been pro-

A telegraphic despatch states that on the new cabinet can repress the thirst for ven- 17th, General Lebeau, the new commander geance which has seized upon particular of the French Legion, attacked and defeatclasses of individuals. A demand is made ed the Carlists, destroyed their works at that an example be made of the old Min- Eugui, and took possession of their maga-

The forces of Don Carlos are said to be a decree of her Majesty, has been publish- suffering severely from want of provisions, returning to their houses, in order to get

stocking, and displaying a foot that beg. Another Steamboat Robbery .- Our cor-the carlist corps, in which was upwards prisoned in the castle of St. Angelo, has to been secretly removed.

> The following address, numerously and respectably signed, was on Monday present ted to the Lord Bishop, by a deputation of gentlemen. His Lordship's answer is subjoined ;

To the Hon. and Rt. Revd. Father in

My LORD-

We, the undersigned Members of the Church of England, beg leave most respecta casion of your approaching departure from this diocese.

Valencia. - When the last mail left, Val- cherished sentiments of deep regret that in salvation you have felt it your glory to proencia was in a state of consternation, sub-the course of divine providence your ab-claim. jected to a Junta composed of obscure per-sence from the Province should become sons, who found great difficulty in organiz- necessary; but additional and new intening the Government. The town had been sity is given to our feelings of heartfelt entered by 500 men, the constitution of sympathy and sorrow, when we understand 1812 was proclaimed, while the magistrates that that necessity arises, in the present and the Captain-General, with 1,700 men, instance, from the state of your Lordship's health.

We had indulged an earnest hope that the people were still restrained by Gen. the mercy of God would still have blessed But on the 12th, in the evening, the Church with the presiding and paternal ed, demanding the dismissal and arrest of simplicity, in feeding the flock of Christ, M. Isturitz, an assembling of the Cortes on have been so closely blended with her the 20th inst., and a popular administra- history in Canada for nearly thirty years. therefore, in deep submission to His will, Interesting from Africa..... A late letter we commend your Lordship, with our earfrom Algiers says that affairs in Africa are nest prayer that He will not only keep you Algiers, and 5000 more at Oran. A let- whose free salvation you have so diligently ter from Oran of the 5th August, says, that laboured to proclaim, still make you an example to the flock, -still give you peace in God the Saviour, and joy in the Holy Ghost. May He who has graciously bles pondents gives a letter of the 10th instant, sed you to His people, so continue to bless you abundantly in your own soul, through Jesus Christ, that if in this vale of tears you should not return to us; if we should be permitted to see your face no more, we may again behold you where the redeempared to the whole population, which is and sorrow and mourning shall flee away. -With this humble prayer.

We remain my Lord, With feelings of veneration and regard, Your Lordship's attached and Faithful Servants.

Gentlemen,-Your kind and Christian Address affords me much satisfaction. My residence amongst you has always been marked by your kindness and attention.

'All things come to an end;' advancing years and increasing infirmities have made to prayer, through Jesus Christ, for the inme of late more than ever, unequal to the duties of my office, and I am very thankful | Charity, in the largest sense of the words, 1812 has indeed been proclaimed, but its to Almighty God for the assistance affor- to the glory of God, and the setting forproclamation seems to be every where at- ded to myself and the Church by the ap- ward the salvation of all men.

I leave you with regret; in the hope, however, that the mercy of God may per-The members of the late Cabinet have all to return with restored health and strength.

Permit me affectionately to remind you that sooner or, later, we must all pass to the Constitution, there was sharp fighting the presence of Almighty God-that death and judgment await us all -and that the blood and righteousness of the Lord Jesus Christ will alone avail then. God grant mer were wounded. The arrival of the unto us all for Christ's sake, that through the power of the Holy Ghost, we may all be

The grace of the Lord Jesus Christ be with you all.

On Saturday last the Reverend the Clergy of the Church of England resident in Quebec, with his Lordship the Bishop of two following messages; Montreal at their head, waited upon the Lord Bishop of Quebec in their robes to present the following Address previous to nal having recently reported to the Goverhis Lordship leaving Canada:

erend Charles James, Lord Bishop of complete the works on the Chambly canal Quebec.

MY LORD. land in Quebec, having received the announcement of your Lordship's intention lay before the House of Assembly the Reto proceed immediately to England for the port of the commissioners, and at the same benefit of your health, cannot refrain from time strongly to recommend to their immeoffering to you that parting tribute of affection and respect, which did not the suddenness of your departure render it impossible we are certain that you would receive on which so large a sum of public money from the Clergy of your Diocese at large has been already expended.

ciples as it would be displeasing to your in chief advanced on his own responsibility Lordship, to approach you with the lan- at a time when the Legislature was not in guage of flattery employed in the world; Session, the sum of £1600, in order to secure but we cannot withhold an expression of parts of the embankment and works of the our deep thankfulness to God that in the canal against the destructive effects which midst of many difficulties and discouragements attaching to the church establishment in the Canadas, he has set over us a duced the Governor in chief to issue that prelate eminently willing to spend and to be sum, together with the accounts and vouchspent and has crowned your ceaseless labours with a happy measure of success. advance, shall be laid before the House at We must also be indulged in making our a future period. The Courier de Lyons, on the aurhority acknowledgements for multiplied instances | Castle of St. Lewis, ly investigated. - Helena (Ark,) Jour. has captured the military cheet of one of son of Lucien Buousparte, who was im- have personally experienced at your hands. Gosford, Governor in chief.

It is our prayer to God through Christ for ourselves, that he would graciously shed down upon us, a portion of that Spirs it who has guided & animated your Lordship in your course, and that we may be enabled so to walk as we have you for a living example before our eyes. And it is our prayer in behalf of your Lordship that he would now be with you across the deep, God, Charles James, Lord Bishop of Quebec.

and bless you in your visit to the mother country. Happy indeed, shall we esteem ourselves, should you be permitted to return with a renovation of health & strength: but should this blessing be denied to us it will be our consolation to retain the full and assured hope that a crown of righteousness is laid up for you through him Under any circumstances we should have whom you have served, and whose great

We commend ourselves and our labours to your faithful prayers, and remain,

Your Lordship's most obedient Servants and Sons in the ministry of the Gos. pel of Christ.

(Signed,) G. J. Montreal, Rector of Quebec. E. W. Sewell, Minister of

the Chapel of the Holy Trinity.

George Mackie, Curate of

Quebec. Joseph Brown, evening lecturer in the Cathedral Church, Quebec.

R. R. Burrage, Missionary at Aubigny, Pointe Levi, &c. &c. &c. W. Anderson, Officiating

Minister at William Henry, &c. S. S. Strong, acting Chap-

lain to H. M. Forces. Harvey Vachell, Missry. Socty. Propg. Gos. Des. R. Knight, Missionary at

Frampton, Standon, &c. To which his Lordship made the follow-

ing reply: My Lord and Reverend Brethren,

I am greatly obliged to you for the tribute of affection and respect you have just presented, for your expression of thankfulness to God for having set me over this Diocese, and for your personal acknows ledgements of kindness received from me.

I thank you for your prayers for God's blessing on my voyage and future health and usefulness. — Whether I may return to you or not, is uncertain. God's will be done. I am thankful for the appointment of a bishop to assist me, and for having been enabled to contribute to it in any degree. Here I would observe, to the glory of God and His Word, that all my acknowledgements for any favor, blessing, or influence I have partaken of, are due to his

providence and grace. I beg to commend the Bishop of Montreal to your kindness and faithful prayers. Above all, I exhort and command you all crease to you all, of Faith, Hope and

The Lord bless you and keep you: The Lord lift up the light of his countenance upon you, and be gracious unto you: The Lord give you peace both now and ever

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE OF AS-SEMBLY.

FRIDAY, Sept. 30, 1836. Mr. Vanfelson reported that his Excelleucy had given for answer to the Address of yesterday, that he had not received any information from his Majesty's Government in England concerning the Kennebec Rail Road bill.

On motion of Mr. Morin, resolved, that the consideration of the various matters which had been postponed from the last Session, to the present, be resumed at the next should the same not be finally deter-

mined during this Session. Mr. Secretary Walcott delivered the

GOSFORD, Governor in Chief, The commissioners of the Chambly canor in chief, that an immediate advance of To the Honorable and Right Rev. a sum not less than £5,000 is required to at St. Johns and Ste. Therese, and to place the remainder of the embankments in a We the Clergy of the Church of Eng- state of security, his Excellency thinks it

The House will perceive from the Re-It would be as foreign to our own prin- port now transmitted, that the Governor

Quebec, 30th Sept; 1836.

olution, on the 13th of November last, appointed Etienne Parent, Esquire, to be their Law clerk, an office hitherto nominated by commission from the Crown, the eration thereof deferred till the next Ses-Governor in chief feels it his duty to com- sion. municate to the House a copy of a despatch which he has received from the Secretary of State for the colonies since the close of the last Session, directing him to take the earliest opportunity of requesting the House to state, for his Majesty's information the reasons which induced them to deviate in the present instance from the course uniformly observed on similar occasions.

The Governor in chief has, therefore, to request that the House will put it in his power to afford his Majesty the desired information.

Castle of St. Lewis, Quebec, 30th Sept., 1836.

Copy-No. 50. Downing Street, 10th Feb., 1836. My Lord-I have received your Lordship's Despatch of the 7th Dec., No. 20, on the subject of the appointment of Mr. Etienne Parent as Law clerk to the House of General Assembly of Lower Canada.

Although the House would seem in this instance to have deviated from the usage of the Province in corresponding cases, yet I approve your Lordship's tacit acquiescence in the proceeding until his Majesty's pleasure should be known. Under the peculiar circumstances of the moment it would have been highly inexpedient to provoke a controversy with the Assembly upon a question in which the difference respecting the form only, and not the substance, of the measure to be taken.

I admit, however, that the question of form was not unimportant. It recognized and gave expression to principles which may be extended to other and more serious

If, as your Lordship's Statement induces me to conclude, the King has the constitutional and lawful right to nominate the serjeant at arms, the clerk of the house, and the law clerk of the assembly, then, although it might as you observe, be difficult or impossible to enforce that right in opposition to their will; yet I cannot discover in that circumstance any sufficient reason why it should not be asserted. The house of assembly of Lower Canada will not, I am convinced, avail itself of the powers which it derives from the Constitution in such a manner as to defeat the privileges which the same constitution has conferred on his Majesty. The rights of the King and those of the assembly are alike held in trust for the common benefit of the people at large, and an encroachment effected by the exercise of powers on either side, will be equally hostile to the public interest.

Your Lordship will, therefore, take the earliest opportunity of calling the attention of the assembly to this subject, & of requesting them to state for his Majesty's information, the reasons which induced them to deviate in the case of Mr. Parent's appointment, from the course uniformly observed on similar occasions. You will assure them that his Majesty will weigh with most respectful attention such remarks as they may be pleased to lay before him on the subject. In the mean time, and until His Majesty's further pleasure shall be known, your lordship will suspend the exercise of the apparent title of the crown to appoint a Law clerk to the assembly, but without waiving any right which may ultimately appear to be vested in his Majesty. If a vacancy should occur in either of the two offices of Serjeant at arms and of clerk of the house, your lordship will adhere to the usages which have formerly been observed on the vacancy of those offices. If the assem bly should object to that course of proceeding, you will, in terms corresponding with those which I have already used, invite them to state the grounds of their objections and pending any such discussion you will abstain at once from the abandonment in principle, and the exercise in practice, of the disputed right of the crown.

Your Lordship has my full sanction for communicating this Despatch to the Assembly, if they should desire it, or if you should think such a communication expedient.

I am, &c. (Signed) GLENELG. The Earl of GOSFORD, &c. &c. &c. (A true Copy.)

S. WALCOTT, Civil Sec'y. On motion of Mr. Morin, Resolved,.. Documents accompanying the same, relating to the Law Clerk of this House, be as soon as possible

sideration of the motion for the reception of the Petition against the election of Mr. Stuart, was deferred till to-morrow.

The house went into committee on the state of the Province and other references, which was reported and concurred in as

1st. To 10th paragraghs inclusive: Yeas, er, Stuart, Wells, Wood.

11th paragraph, Yeas, 51, Nays, 9 Messrs. Fraser, Marquis, and Bertrand having joined the Nays, and Mr. Simon

12th and 13th paragraphs. Yeas 57. Navs 6.

grossed, and to be presented by the whole House. Saturday, Ist October, 1836 .- 10 o'clock,

A. M.

bly canal.

The Petition against the Election of Mr. Stuart, was received, and the consider

3 o'elock, P. M. Mr. Morin reported that his Excellency appointed Monday next at one o'clock

to receive the House with their address. Mr. Morin presented a petition of Ludger Duvernay, Printer of 'La Minerve' Newspaper, complaining of the proceedings had against him in the Court of King's Bench at Montreal,-to be printed.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT

LOWER CANADA.

Council Chamber, 4th October, 1836.

THIS DAY, at three o'clock, His Excellency Lord Gosford came down in state from the Castle of St. Lewis, and the Assembly being sent for, His Excellency was pleased to prorogue the Legislature and close the Session with the fol-

SPEECH:

Gentlemen of the Legislative Council,

Gentlemen of the House of Assembly,-There being no longer any prospects of good result from the Message, which by the commands of our most Gracious Sovereign, I communicated a few days ago, to the House of Assembly, I hasten to put an end to this Session, and to enable you to return to your homes.

The object of convoking the present Parliament was to make a renewed effort on the part of his Majesty to restore some interval of repose to his Canadian people. I lament, however, that instead of awaiting the developement of those measures which are in preparation, but which to be effectual must be matured with time and attention, a more hasty decision continues to be insisted upon, and the Province is even threatened with the abandonment, by one branch of the Legislature, of the duties confided to it by the constitution. Without dwelling on this inauspicious subject, I will merely observe that, if it be persisted in, the number of temporary acts in Lower Canada and the importance of some which are not long hence to expire, must give peculiar effect in this province to a decision which in no country endowed with powers of domestic Legislation, could be otherwise than a severe privation & source of public suffering.

Gentlemen, In taking leave of you, I will only express the hope I am unwilling to forego, that however the political embarrassments of the country may appear to multiply around us, the inherent elements of prosperity and contentment which it contains, may triumph over all adventitious causes of difficulty.

Castle of St. Lewis, Quebec, 4th October, 1836,

It is requested that all letters and exchange papers for the be addressed to Union, Franklin Co. Vermont.

MISSISKOUI STANDARD.

FRELIGHSBURG, OCT. 11, 1836.

The House of Assembly has risen in our estimation a thousand per cent. We really close of the session before. From the irreshave said too many bad things of it; but olute tone of the speech, we fear that anothen the blame rested with itself. Its previous conduct had given us reason to think French demagogues, to bully the ministry, that it was composed of a set of bad char- and to insult the government of the King. acters, bullies, bumbailiffs, coniachers, (or We know not what pitiful shift a pitiful their friends,) and all sorts of wicked per- cabinet may again adopt, nor what sacrifice sons. The desperate wickedness of its of constitutional principle they may offer, conduct had created these impressions on but no shift can be more sorry than the our mind; and we rather guess that the one about 'misconception,' which the house impressions, being founded purely on its very properly rejected, and no sacrifice of public acts, must have been just. Let us principle can be more powerfully subversee what it has done. It has been guilty sive of the British constitution, than that of That his Excellency's Message, with the of breach of faith, by paying public monies the prerogative of the Crown to appoint to for the support of colleges, nunneries, hos- executive offices. Did ' his Majesty's prespitals, &c. &c. of the 'French origin' par- ent advisers' act from true principle, we privileges to be appointed by this House ty, while, at the same time, it has refused might speculate, with some success perhaps, to allow any thing to be given to the 'Eng- on their probable course of conduct; but On motion of Mr. Blackburn, the con- lish or foreign origin' population, to assist as it is, the future is dark. We do not bethem in procuring a liberal education for lieve, that 'his Majesty's present advisers' their children, or medicine for their sick. have formed any definite idea of the steps It has been guilty of a misdemeanor, in that ought to be taken; they do not yet frightening Lords Gosford and Glenelg in know, how the needle of expediency may and passed an address to His Excellency, the highway of their duty to the King. It point. has been guilty of theft, in stealing from the King his property in the Law Clerk of 58. Nays, 6.....Blackburn, Clapham, Pow. the Assembly. It has been guilty of an attempt to commit a theft, by doing every endeavor to steal a bridge from the Messrs. Anderson. It has been guilty of picking said an independent farmer, the other day, the pockets of the British and Irish emigrants. It has been guilty of felony, as an accessory before the fact, because it plan-The address was then ordered to be en- ned and advised the crime of opening lockfast places, perpetrated by its dupe; it might

the Lion's share of the robbery. It has in She fford, within these few weeks, and a been guilty of swindling, in obtaining mor large one was shot by Mr. James Ingalls, Thursday of the present month, the 20th instant ney under false pretences. It has been one day last week, on his farm near the at 4 o'clock P. M. guilty of generally riotous and disorderly Pinnacle mountain about three and a half conduct, in stirring up disturbance through miles from this. Bruin had been living 'on the whole country, besides being 'habit & clover' all summer,—there were about four repute' a common liar, and keeping a house inches of fat on his back. of bad fame. Such are the charges of commission, of which it has been found guilty by the country. Its crimes of omission, were the refusing to open up the country for settlement, refusing to dig canals, or to permit rail roads to be built, or lakes to be deepened. It has neglected to encourage commerce, or promote justice by passing a bankrupt law. And generally it has done almost every thing wrong, and has not done any thing right.

But 'nemo omnino turpissimus est,' which being interpreted, means he is a perfect devil who has not one good quality; so the Assembly, opening its eyes to the abandoned course it had formerly run, at the twelfth hour becomes sensible, how unworthy it is to occupy the station assigned it by its patrons, and it resigns its authority. This effort of extreme modesty was prompted by the high respect the Assembly entertained for the Legislative Council, with which it had done business for many years, and whose integrity, after a hundred cunning attempts, it found was incorrupti-

We are aware that many blame the Assembly for the last step, many even of its own members, and declare that it was a sad thing in it to commit self murder, and rush with all its enormities on its head into the presence of the power that created it. But we do think that its declaration not to do more business, until the Council be rendered elective, is the first dawning of that self humiliation, inspired by the knowledge of its utter worthlessness, as a companion to any honorable body, which must precede the moral regeneration of every villain. We hope that the House will maintain 'its present position,' for some time, and after wearing sackcloth and ashes, it will return to its duty, with firm resolutions of amend-

But, seriously, what is now to be done? The Assembly has abandoned the duties confided to it by the constitutional act, and the country is left without a legislature. The extravagance of its impudence has reached such a height, that the creature has taken upon itself to dictate to its creator the terms, on which the act calling it into existence should have been made. By entertaining a bill for the reform of the Legislative council, its arrogance was rendered as conspicuous as its impotence. The constitutional act declared, that no act could Standard, from the United States, be passed by the provincial legislature, repugnant to its provisions, but the Assembly attempted to pass one, not only repugnant to that act, but directly subversive of it.

The British Parliament ought immediately to interfere, although, we must confess, there is less expectation of that interference to be gathered from his Excellency's last speech, than there was from that at the ther opportunity is to be given to the

It is said that Sir Charles Grey has secured a passage for England. The commission is, therefore, ended.

What is uncle Gosford to do now?' · I guess he'll have to go home, or start another team at Quebec, the last one has

BEARS .- The Montreal Gazette has Mr. Viger presented the Report and while our worthy Governor took from the Rivers and elsewhere, and it seems this ded too

The House of Assembly having, by res- accounts of the commissioners of the Cham- public chest the money entrusted to him quarter is to come in for a share of Bruin's

LIST OF LETTERS.

For St. Armand. Miss Emily Frary, Benjamin Patch, David Tittemore, Abraham Labrun, Thomas Gliman, or E. Waldo, Peleg Thomas Peleg Thomas, George W. Ayer. Jason Brewer H. M. Chandler. Sutton.
Calend Dearborn, Daniel Jones, John F. West, Berkshire, Vt.

The Mutual Fire Insurance Com-

pany of the Counties of

John Dingman;

T a meeting of the members of the Company, held at Philipsburg, on Monday, 3d Oct. 1836, the Report of the Directors, of which the following is an abstract, was submitted to the Meeting, and was received and adopted by it, viz: That the number of Policies, issued by the Company, is

MISSISKOUI & ROUVILLE.

That the number of Policies, issued by the Company, is
That the whole amount of property now insured is
That the premium notes now in force amount to
Total amount of Receipts L73,0,8
Total amount of Expenditures, 31,19,5.
Balance in the Treasury, on the 1st Oct. 1836. 1.28559, 18,4

the 1st Oct. 1836. No loss has yet occurred to the Company, that has come to the knowledge of the Board. All which is submitted by the Directors.

Phillpsburg, 3d Oct., 1836.

CHESTER ROBERTS, Secretary.

Officers for the Present Year. Anthony Khodes, Philipsburg,
James Taylor,
Launson Ford,
W. W. Smith, Directors Albert Chapman, Jonathan Selby, N. B. Beardsley, Dunham, Henryville, Stanbridge, St. Armand, Hiram Corey, Abel Adams, Anthony Rhodes, I. H. Munson, President, Treasurer, Secretary, Chester Roberts,

The Agents are James Taylor, Albert Chapman, Jonathan Selby, N. B. Beardsley, Hiram Corey, H. M. Chandler, and Silas England.

A petition to the Legislature has been prepared praying for an amendment of the Act; that the insured may not be required to sign his policy in duplicate.

Notice.

OR the accommodation of the Public, I shall commence, on the first Saturday of November next, a series of visits, from this village through to

Mills, Richford

which will be continued EVERY SATURDAY during the winter, for the express purpose of executing and attending to all calls in my line of business,

Coats, Vests, Pantaloons. &c. &c. which I flatter myself I shall be able to execute in the first style, with neatness and despatch. My room will be found at Mr. Sears's, Innkeeper, where every attention will be paid to se who may favor me with a call. wishing garments made, I shall hold myself in readiness to accommodate immediately on my return to my place of residence. They will therefore, have the goodness to hand them into my lodgings, or put them in my possession, as I return

As this arrangement will be attended with considerable expense, those having work done, such as cutting, &c. will see the necessity of my receiving nothing but MONEY DOWN for my labor. JAMES McCANNA, Tailor. Frelighsburg, Oct. H, 1836.

Lost

Nor about the 6th instant two NOTES, being both contained on one piece of paper. One of said notes, as nearly as I can recollect, reads as follows—for value received I promise to deliver to NATHANIEL PERKINS, a certain three years old mare COLT, of a dark grey colour; ringbones on the two hind feet, &c. The other was given for thirteen likely SHEEP, and became due on the first day of last May. The above notes were dated sometime, I think in July 1835 and were signed by FRAZIER JENNE, jr. This is to caution all persons against purchasing said notes;—Whoever will return them shall be hand somely rewarded,

NATHANIEL PERKINS,
St. Armand, Oct. 8, 1836.

V2,—27 tf. being both contained on one piece of paper.

Machine Cards.

The subscriber, agent for Mr. S. P. Bent, manufacturer, Middlebury, Vermont, has received samples of the above; orders for which will be taken at low prices & executed with despatch.

JAMES COURT, Montreal, 17th August, 1836. V2 20—12-

V2 20-12w

Notice

N pursuance of a resolution adopted by meeting of the members of the society for de tecting horse thieves and the recovery of stolen norses, held at Mr. Elihu Crossett's on 'I hursday the 29th of Sept. 1836. The members of said society are requested to pay into the hands of the Treasurer, Secretary or any of the Committee two

shillings and Six pence immediately.
(Signed,) H. N. MAY, Chairman.
HORATIO S. THROOP, Sect. St. Armand 28th Sept 1836.

INFORMATION Wanted of HENRY BRENT, Blacksmith, of Hampshire, England, who sailed from Portsmouth in the shi Hercules, and arrived at Gross Isle about a month ago, where he left his son Wm. Brent, a lad also have been indicted as a principal, or occasionally mentioned of late the appear- about 14 years of age, who is now at the Emialso have been indicted as a principal, or occasionally mentioned of late the appearance of actor, or 'art in part,' because it kept watch ance of bears in the neighborhood of Three dressed to J. C. Gundlack, Esq. will be attended to late the appearance of the pears of the pear

TEMPERANCE NOTICE.

Frelighsburg Temperance Society will be held at Trinity Church in this village on the third

A genera attendance is solicited. By order of the President S. P. LALANNE. Frelighsburg 3d Oct 1836.

For Sale.

valuable situation for a country Mechanic, on the road from the road from the latter place. There are 30 acres of good LAND, 20 of which are improved; a DWELLING HOUSE, WOOD SHED, BARN, and SHOE-MAKER'S SHOP. The buildings are new, and in excellent remain. buildings are new, and in excellent repair.

Terms moderate. For particulars apply to the

proprietor on the premises. GEORGE FELLERS. St. Armand West, 4th Oct. 1836. V2-2615

Notice.

AME into the enclosure of the subscriber, on or about the 22d August last, one year old Steer, dark with white back, of middling size. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take him away, immediately.

WALTER DAVIS.

St. armand, Oct. 1st, 1836.

Just Received.

The subscriber has just received at his store in HIGHGATE, an extensive stock of

Teas, Coffee, Spices, Tobacco, Domestic Cottons, &c. &c. which he offers to his friends by wholesale, low for cash or credit.

W. W. SMITH. August 9, 1836.

BBLS fresh inspected

W. W. SMITH.

for sale by August 26, 1836. V2 21 4w.

ASH paid for

BUTTER. W. W. SMITH.

RAIL-ROAD LINE OF

Mail Stages

FROM

STANSTEAD-PLAIN

ST. JOHNS.

Messrs. CHANDLER, STEVENS, CLEMENT & Propris-TUCK.

FARE 3 1-2 DOLLARS, (17s 6d.) EAVES St. Johns, Wednesday and Satur-EAVES St. Johns, Wednesda, and day mornings, and arrives at Stanstead Plain in the evening.

Leaves Stanstead Plain, Tuesday and Friday mornings, and arrives at St. Johns in the evening. Passengers from Stanstead, may, if they please, breakfast in Montreal the next morning. Thus the advantages of this new line are obvious.

Cara.

HE Subscriber begs leave to inform the in habitants of Philipsburg and its vicinity hat he still continues the

Tailoring

business in its various branches at his old stand, Day Street.

Having made arrangements to receive the latest Northern and Southern FASHIONS, and from the superior quality and low price of Cloths, and first rate workmanship, the public will find at his stand inducements seldom to be met with; and, in returning his thanks for past favors, he have a high reversible of the second of the second of the standard of the second of the

hopes by unremitted attention, to secure a continuance of them.

Cutting done in the most approved style, at the shortest notice, for which nothing but Cash

V2-27tf will be received. DANIEL FORD. 836. V2.11-1y: Philipsburg, June 21, 1836.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the late firm of Bailey & Smith, A. P. Smith, & the present firm of Smith & Gilliland, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned, without further notice.

SMITH & GILLILAND. P. S. Unless particular attention is paid to the above notice, those having Notes & Accounts with the undersigned will find them in the bands of a Bailiff for collection.

LaCole, near the Province line. July 23, 1836. V2-16tf.

Notice.

THE Subscriber requests the public not to purchase any of the stock, farming impliments or other property on his farm in Odletown, as Mr. John McAllum has at present forcible posession of said farm, &c. while none of the n erty thereon belongs to him, but to the subscri-ARCHIBALD Mcallum.

Odletown, 23 July, 1386. REV. H. N. DOWNS'

Vegetable Balsamic

ELIXIE:

FOR

Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, Croup, Catarrh, Asthma, Whooping Cough, and all diseases of the Chest and Lungs.

PRICE 75 CENTS.

Sold wholesale by the Proprietor, at Georgia, Vt. and by J. CURTIS, Druggist, St. Albans, Vt. wholesale Agent, and Joint Proprietor,—where all orders at wholesale or retail, will meet with immediate attention.

A few hottles of this involved.

A few bottles of this invaluable medicine may be had of Munson & Co. Missiskoui Bay, Beards-ly and Goodnow, Henryville, Samuel Maynard, Dunham, and Levi Kemp, St. Armand,

SUMMARY.

DON'T BE DISCOURAGED.

DON'T BE DISCOURAGED if in the out bet of life things do not go on smoothly. It seldom happens that the hopes we cherish of the future are realised. The path of life in the prospect appears smooth and level enough, but when we come to trav-el it we find it all up hill, and generally crossing their path. rough enough. The journey is a labori-ous one, and whether poor or wealthy, high or low, we shall find it so, to our disappointment if we have built on another calculation. To endure what is to be endured with as much cheerfulness as possible -and to elbow our way as easily as we can through the great crowd, hoping for little yet striving for much, is perhaps the true plan. But

DONT BE DISCOURAGED, if occasion ally you slip down by the way, and your neighbors tread over you a little, in other words don't let a failure or two dishearten you, accidents will happen; miscalculations will sometimes be made, things will turn out differently from our expectations, and we may be sufferers. It is worth while to remember that fortune is like the skies in April, sometimes cloudy and sometimes clear and favorable; and as it would be folly to despair of again seeing the sun, be cause to-day is stormy, so it is unwise to sink into despondency, when fortune frowns since, in the common course of and which, through industry, he had conthings she may be surely expected to smile verted into a very extensive and profitable again. Again

Don't BE DISCOURAGED, if you are deceived in the people of the world, they are very rotten at the core. From sources such as these you may be most unexpectedly deceived; and you will naturally feel sore under such deceptions: but to these you must become used; if you fare as most people do, they will lose their novelty before you grow gray, and you will learn to trust men cautiously, before you allow them great opportunities to injure you.

DONT BE DISCOURAGED, under any circumstances. Go steadily forward. Rather consult your own conscience, than the opinions of men, though the last is not to be disregarded. Be industrious; be frugal; be honest; deal in perfect kindness with all; exercising a neighbourly and obliging spirit in your whole intercourse and if you do not prosper as rapidly as any of your neighbors, depend upon it you will be as happy.—Monthly Reposi-

PERILOUS AFFAIR WITH A TURTLE .-In the small island of Ashtola, lying about twelve miles from the coast of Mekarin, on the northeast side of the gulf, a party went on shore for the purpose of catching turtle. We left the ship at sunset, and reached the shore about dark, then hauled the boat upon the beach. Having reached the place where we thought likely that the turtle would land, we lay down, keeping a sharp lookout and making as little noise as possible. The moon had risen some time, and was shedding her silvery rays on those desolate regions....the opposite coast in the distance, which is very mountainous, and the ship riding at anchor had together a most beautiful effect; the sea was calm, and every thing appeared and not a whisper being heard among the words fell on the listeners like the rushing breaking the silence of the scene.-We were all in anxious expectation of the turtle, and six bells had just struck on board that it was Il o'clock, P. M., when changed his position frequently, anon the we saw the first, to our great delight, coming on shore just opposite to us. It client, spectators—all were suffused in tears; he closed his arguments, his eloquent and steadily out of the water. We did not and impressive appeal to the jury, walked interrupt its progress until it got some distance up on the beach, when a rush was made towards it, and it was immediately turned over on its back, without giving it time either to defend itself or blind its aseailants by throwing the sand with its flappers or fins, which they do with such force that it is dangerous to come near them. It took six stout men to turn the largest that we caught; and the following incident hand, and to stop was now impossible... will show further the strength of these ani. mals. One of our men, the gunner, wandered away by himself to the farther end of the beach, where he thought to have all gentlemen formed a compact ring, backing the sport to himself; not doubting for a each other, and patiently stood waiting moment that he would be able to turn any the shock. turtle that he found; but on the contrary, to his surprise, not being absent long before espying a large one making towards en up several feet. The shock was so sethe beach, he allowed it to come up some way, and then ran over to it and attempted board were prostrated. The gentlemen to turn it. All his endeavors were fruit- who had formed the ring came to the deck less—and by some means he got his hand in a heap. Some ladies in the cabin cut E. M. Toof, Burlington, Vt. between the shell and neck which the animal by drawing in his head jamed & held funny sight as they went upon their knees. there so tight that he could not withdraw it. The turtle began to crawl towards the sea, dragging the man with it; and he was in imminent danger of being carried off, unforeseen, and had the boat been in the when he began to call for assistance. We stream, she must have kept on until her were alarmed at the cries thinking some steam was out, and where that would have accident had happened, and immediately been no one can say .- U. S. Paper. ran towards the place from whence the sound proceeded, where we arrived just tery grave. The turtle was close to the and humane act on the part of this nobleedge of the sea, and was carrying him off man. A few days ago, as his Lordship as if he were nothing nor was it without was travelling in the neighborhood of Kil-

Kempstone's Journal.

From the Baltimore Patriot.

ANECDOTE OF GEN. HOUSTON About with two others, left Nashville, (Tenn.) for Texas. They travelled several days through marshes and over mountains, among christians as well as savages, with-

Late one beautiful moonlight evening they entered a village, the county town of , state of -, where they took lodgings for the night; the news was very soon spread over the town, that Gov. Houston, from Tennessee, had taken lodgings at where in a short time, he was greeted by judge and jury, counsel and client, (the Court being in Session,) by the accomplished female, as well as the back woods rustic, all of whom received the salutation of a gentleman and scholar in the person of Gen. Houston. There was an old man with his interesting and beautiful daughter, who seemed to claim the attention of the General, more than all the other visitors. There was an expression in the old man's look, differing from the rest-he looked a language which said, 'can you help me?' of the daughter, can you help!

The old man, many years ago, had ta-ken up a large tract of land in that country, on which he settled with his young family, plantation, but had inadvertently, omitted, to enter it. Some time previous to this event, a knowing one ascertained that the old man could be ejected and legally too, set to work, had the farm entered in his own name, got a writ of ejectment, had it served, and in an hour the old man and his family were turned out of 'house and my purse, Sir.' home,' almost pennyless. The old man entered suit in the court for the recovery of his lost home, but having no money he had no friends ! (how true.) The general listened to his tale of woe, and intimated that he would help him on the morrow, as on that day the case would be decided.

It was a delightful morning, the sun shone cheeringly, but the old man scarcely felt his influence; true, he thought a little light had broken in on the gloom of his mind....perhaps he may come to my help, but alas ! I have no money, and counsel do not often labour for naught....during these reveries the Court was calledthe Counsel for the defendant opened an appeal to the jury on the legality of his client's claim to the farm, and labored long and hard in defence of his plea-it was thought by some that his arguments were incontrovertibl e-during this time there sat the old man-no friend to console himthe Governor was not there-he had not been as good as his intimation—the Counsel was about closing his appeal, and in all probability the decision would go against the plaintiff-mark! a rustling noise is heard; a move is in the crowd; a tall, genteel personage enters; the old man lifts his eye and recognises the Governor; he steps forward, introduces himself to the court, volunteers for the old man, all eyes were upon him, and when the words 'Gentlemen of the Jury' fell from his lips, the current of opinion began to change; there was an unction in the words to which the inmates of that house were unaccustomed, to be sleeping in the stillness of the night, he proceeded eloquently, feelingly, and his party...the sur! dashed against the rocks, of many waters; the white handkerchiefe ladies were soon brought into requisition, the stern jurors were seen to throw away the briny drop, the Judge whole house, judge, and jury, counsel, & out, and the jury, without leaving their box gave the 'old man' back his farm.

A TEXIAN. A Scene .- On Friday afternoon, as the Peck Slip was entering the latter place, the order was given to stop the engine ... The engineer attempted to do so, but the lever used for that purpose broke in his The captain instantly sang out to the passengers, and told them to stand fast, as 'go they must,' and go they did. About 20 Whipple Wells, Farnham.

The boat went full speed against the Henry Wilson, La Cole. wharf, which, being newly built, was drivvere that every thing and every body on queer figures, and the horses presented a Enos Bartlett, jun., East part of Sutton.

No material damage was done, except to the wharf, which will require almost entire renewing. The accident was entirely

THE MARQUIS OF WATERFORD It in time to save the poor fellow from a wa- is a pleasing duty to record a truly noble some difficulty that we released him from sheenan in this county, he was struck his perilous situation...dragged the turtle with the appearance of a farmer's horse above the high water, and turned it over. which his carriage overtook on the road. The man got off with only a few bruises, After a few preliminaries, the animal but was much frightened and we all had changed owners, and became the property

a good laugh at him for his adventure. If of the noble Marquis. The farmer, however, elated, no doubt, by his ready sale, was resolved to show off the merits of the horse, but in doing so the animal became so restive and irritated that he broke to pietwo years ago, Gen. Houston, in company ces the vehicle to which he was harnessed, and fractured the arm of the farmer, besides inflicting other injuries. Upon witnessing the accident, the Marquis of Waterford immediately left his carriage, and causing three gentlemen who were with him at the time to do the same, he had the sufferer placed within it, and drove with him to the house of a neighboring gentleman, where he had every attention paid him. Not content with this, his Lordship, in the most generous manner, gave him five pounds, and then returned him his He further directed no expense to horse. be spared, to have him removed to Clonmel, and to have the ablest surgeon there employed for him. He is now under the care of Dr. Burgess, and rapidly recovers ing ... Tipperary Constitution.

The late Archbishop Cheverux of Born deaux..... The estimable character of this lamented prelate, who resided many years in Boston, is familiarly known to our readers. The following anecdote related of him in the Corsair furnishes another bright and echo answered from the heaving breast trait to the reputation of that truly pions and great man :- One day leaving the church an old and infirm woman implored his charity. The worthy Prelate slipped a five franc piece into her hand. Lord, said his almoner, who was walking behind him, 'are you aware that the wo-man is a Jewess?' 'Yes, she is a Jewess,' exclaimed the Cardinal, 'you are right; few people bestow alms on the poor creature for that very reason; and you, Sir, I suppose are among the number. As she receives such little assistance from charity, she is in need of more money; give her

> EXTRACT .- LOVE On writing this word, we feel our breast fluttering beneath a clogging weight of fear, just as it did-we care not to say how many years ago. It is a strange and a beautiful thing-first, innocent love. There is that in female beauty, which it is pleasure merely to gaze upon; but beware of looking too long. The lustrous black pupil contrasting with the pearly white of the eye and the carnated skinthe clear, placid blue, into which you see down, down to the very soul....the deep hazel, dazzling as a sunlit stream, seen through an opening in its willow banks-all may be gazed upon with impunity ninetynine times, but at the hundredth, you are a gone man.

The following beautiful toast was revived at a social board a few days ago;-dinna ken, about politics-here's Friendship in marble, and injury in dust.'

TERMS.

Ten shillings currency per year, payable at the end of six months. If paid in advance 1s. 3d. will be deducted. If delayed to the close of the year 1s. 3d. will be added for every six months dolay. Grain and most kinds of produce taken in payment.

To mail subscribers the postage will be charged

No paper discontinued, except at the discretion of the publishers, until arrears are paid.

RATES OF ADVERTISING. Six lines and under, two shillings for the first insertion, and 6d. for every subsequent insertion. Above six lines and not exceeding ten, two shillings and nine pence; every subsequent insertion seven pence half penny. Above ten lines, 3d per line for the first inser-

tion, and one penny for each subsequent insertion.
A liberal discount to those who advertise by the year.

Advertisements not otherwise ordered will be inserted till forbid in writing and charged accord-

Communications must be addressed to JAMES Moir Ferres, Editor; and if by mail, post paid.

STANDARD AGENTS.

Daniel Campbell, Pigeon-hill. Elihu Crossett, St. Armand. Dr. H. N. May, Philipsburg. Galloway Freligh, Bedford. Capt. Jacob Ruiter, Nelsonville, Dunham. Albert Barney, P. M., Churchville. Jacob Cook, P. M., Brome. P. H. Knowlton, Brome. Samuel Wood, M. P. P., Farnham. Henry-Boright, Sutton. William Davis, Stanbridge Ridge. Maj. Isaac Wilsey, Henrysburg. Levi A. Cost, Potton. Capt. John Powell, Richford, Vermont. Nathan Hale, Troy. Albert Chapman, Caldwells' Manor. Capt. Daniel Salls, parish of St. George.

Persons, wishing to become Subscribers to the Missiskoui Standard, will pleaseleave their names with any of the above Agents, to whom also, or at the Office in Frelighsburg, all payments must be

Look at this!!!

A yard of Calico for a pound of Butter. HE subscriber has received fresh from the market, and offers for sale at his Store in Bedford, a great variety of beautiful French Muslins, London Chintz and Prints of different qualities. Also a new and splendid assortment of Gentlemen's Summer wear; all a little cheaper and better style of Goods, than any offered at present to the public. present to the public.

Groceries of the best qualities. All kinds of country produce will be received in payment for Dry Goods.

PHILIP H. MOORE.

Bedford, August 16th, 1836.

Cash for Wool! NOTICE

S hereby given that two shillings currency per pound will be paid at the Factory of the British American Land Company at Sherbrooke, for clean native Wool, average quality, the produce of the Eastern Townships.

Sherbrooke, May 10, 1736.

V2-7

SMITH'S Cheap Store.

New & Splendid Goods.

HE subscriber begs leave to announce to his friends and the public, that he has just received one of the most extensive, splendid and general assortments of

Goods

ever offered for sale in this section of the country. All of which are of the very first quality and latest Fashions. Without particularizing, he solicits most, respectfully, a fair examination of his Goods and prices, before purchases are made else-

where.

Every kind of Farmers' Produce received in payment, for which the highest price will be paid.

W. W. SMITH.

Missiskoui Bay, June 28, 1836. V2 12tf.

ST. ALBANS, MAY 31, 1836

New & Cheap GOODS.

I have received and now offer for sale, at my

Fancy & Staple Goods,

woluding a large stock of Sheetings, Tickings, Cotton Yarn, Candlewick, Batts, Wadding, Paper Hangings, Broads, cloth Cassimeres, Sattinets, Silks, Bombazines, Calicoes, Muslins, Laces, Jackonets, Bonnets, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, &c. &c,

Hardware and Crockery.

Teas, Tobacco, Snuff, Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, Salaratus, Glass, Nails, Flour, &c.

All a little CHEAPER than my neighbors. Will Purchasers call and examine Goods & prices? ORANGE ADAMS.

TO THE AFFLICTED

DR. M. HATCH'S VEGETBLE FILL CTHOLICON,

the only SAFE AND CERTAIN REMEDY

FOR THE ILES

This medicine has stood the test of 20 years'ex perience in extensive private practice, and has tood without a rival since its introduction to the public for positively curing this troublesome complaint. Price, 5 shillings.

EWEN'S ANTIBILIOUS AND CATHARTIC

PILLS:

an easy and safe family medicine for all billous complaints; jaundice, flatulence, indigestion, fever and ague, costiveness, headache, diarrhoes, dyspepsia, or any disease arising from a deranged tate of the stomach and bowels. Price, whole boxes 2s and 6d, halfboxes 1s and 3d.

DR. ASA HULDRIDGE'S

GREENPLASTER.

for dressing and curing immediately allkinds of fresh cuts and wounds; which from its strong adhesive qualities supersedes all other kinds of dressings; and if the directions are strictly adheradhesive qualities superseder all other kinds of dressings; and if the directions are strictly adheri-ed to, will in no instance require a renewal. It is also advantageously used in cleansing and heal-ing allold sores and foul ulcers. Price, Is and 3d

DR. WARNER'S

INFALLIBLE ITCH OINTMENT. Warranted to contain not a particle 'of mercury or other deleterious drug; and if seasonably applied will require one application only !! Price Is and 3d.

All the above are supported by abundant and respectfule testimony, as may be seen by applying to the following agents, wherethe medicines may be purchased—

FRANKLIN STEREOTYPE FOUNDRY

MITH, HARRINGTON & EATON, respectfully inform the printers of the Upper &
Lower Provinces, and the public generally, that
having catablished a

STEREOTYPE FOUNDRY.

BURLINGTON, Vt.

hey hold themselves ready to execute any work which a kind public may feel disposed to favor them with. They hazard nothing in saying that them with. They hazard nothing in saying that they can do work cheaper, and in as good style as can be done at any Foundry, in the United State. Leads furnished at the Franklin Foundry, in he most reasonable terms.

A great variety of

CUTS

n hand and for sale at the F. S. T.

BLANKS of all kinds Stereotyped at short no Old Type taken in pay for work, at 9 cents per pound.

College Street, Burlington Vt. January 12 1836.

TO THE PUBLIC. All kinds of Job Printing, executed at this office on the shortest notice.

supply of School certificates, blank deeds, &c. on hand, and at as low a rate as can be purchased at any other place.

Frelighsburg, February, 1836.

26,000 SUBSCRIBERS!

PHILADFLPHIA MIRROR

THE splendid patronage awarded to the Philadelphia Saturday Courier, induces the editors to commence the publication, under the above title, of a quarto edition of their popular ournal, so long known to be the largest Family Newspaper in the United States, with a list of near TWENTY SIX THOUSAND SUB-SCRIBERS.—The new feature recent y introduced of furnishing their readers with new books with the best of literature of the day, having proved so eminently successful, the plan will be continued. Six volumes of the celebrated writings of Captain Marryatt, and sixty-five of Mr. Brooss of Captain Marryatt, and sixty-five of Mr. Broom-valuable letters from Europe, have already been published without interfering with its news and and miscellaneous reading. The Courier is the largest and cheapest family newspaper ever issued in this country, containing articles in Literature Science and Arts; Internal improvement; Agriculture; in short ever variety of topics usually introduced into a public journal. Giving full accounts of sales, markets, and news of the latest counts of sales, markets, and news of the latest dates.

It is published at the low price of 2 dollars For this small sum subscribers get valuable and entertaining matter, each week enough to fill a common book of 200 pages, and equal to 52 volumes a year, and which is estimated to be read, weekly, by at feast two hundred thousand people, scattered in all parts of the country, from Maint to Florida, and from the sea board to the Lekt.

The paper has been so long established as to real der it too well known to require an extended prospectus, the publishers, will do no more than refer to the the two leading daily political paper of opposite politics. The Pennsylvanian says...
The Saturday Courier is the largest, and one of the best family newspapers in the Union; the other, the enquirer and Daily Courier, says, it is the largest journal published in Philadelphia, and one of the very best in the United States. The New York Star says we know of nothing more liberal on the part of the Editors, and no means more efficacious to draw out the dormand talents of our country, than their unexampled lib

erality in offering literary prizes. The Albany Mercury of March 30th, 1836, says, 'the Saturday Courier, is decidedly the best Family Newspaper ever published in this or any other country, and its value is duly appreciated by the public, if we may judge from its vastire. by the public, if we may judge from its vaster culation, which exceeds 25,000 per week! In contents are agreeably varied, and each number contains more really varied, and each number contains more really varied and each number contains more really varied, and each number contains more really varied in any daily paper in the Union.—Its mammoth dimensions enable is the Union.—Its mammoth dimensions enable is the union.—Its mammoth dimensions enable is the Union.—Its mammoth dimensions clause is einterprising proprietors, Messrs. Woodward & Clarke of Philadelphia, to're publish in its columns, in the course of the year, several of the most interesting new works that issue from its British press, which cannot fail to give to its permanent interest, and render it worthy of preservation. To meet the wishes, therefore of such of their subscalabers as desire to have their numbers have desired to the transfer of the preservation. bound, they have defermined on issuing an edi-tion of the Courier in the Quarto form, which will render it much more convenient for realing when it is bound in a volume, and thus greatly enhance its 'value.'

THE QUARTO EDITION.

Under the title of the Philadelphia Mirror, will commence with the publication of the Prize Tale, to which was awarded the prize of one hundred dollars, written by Miss Leslie, editor of the splendid Annhal the Token, and author of Penell Sketches and other valuable contributions to American Literature. A large number of sour, poems, tales, &c. offered in competition for the 500 dollars premiums, will add value and interest to the succeeding numbers, which will also be enriched by a story from Miss Sedgewick, surhor of Hope Leslie, The Linwoods, &c., whose talents have been so justly and extensively appreciated, have been so justly and extensively appreciated, both at home and abroad.

This approved FAMILY NEWSPAPER is entirely neutral in religious and political matters, and the uncompromising opponent of quackery of every kind.

MAPS:

MAPS:

In addition to all of which the publishers intend furnishing their patrons with a series of engraved Maps, embracing the twenty-five States of the Union, &c exhibiting the situation, &c, of rivers, towns, mountains, lakes, the sea board, internal improvements, as displayed in canals, rail roads &c., with other inferesting and usuful favorable tures, roads distances, &c. forming a complete tures, roads distances, &c. forming and useful favorable tures, roads distances, and tures, an

Hapgood; Clarenceville; Reardsley & Goodnon Henrysville; Munson & Co. Philipsburg; Dr. Oliver Newel, and Levi Stevens, Dunham; Cook & Foss, Brome; Hedge & Lyman, and Gebrge Bent, Montreal; Joseph E. Barrett, post-ruder, Frelighsburg, and many other Druggists and Dealers through the Province. Also at the Druggist Store in Frelighsburg.

The Philadelphia Saturday Courier is still continued in its large form at the same price as here to tore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarte edition of the Saturday Courier is still continued in its large form at the same price as here to tore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarte edition of the Saturday Courier is still continued in its large form at the same price as here to tore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarte edition of the Saturday Courier is still continued in its large form at the same price as here to tore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarte edition of the Saturday Courier is still continued in its large form at the same price as here to tore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarte edition of the Saturday Courier, with its increase edition of the Saturday Courier, with its increase edition of the Saturday Courier is still continued in its large form at the same price as here to tore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarte edition of the Saturday Courier, with its increase edition of the Saturday Courier, The Philadelphia Saturday Courier is still cou-